# Earnings Release Q1 2022

# Samsung Electronics

April 2022

### **Disclaimer**

The financial information in this document are consolidated earnings results based on K-IFRS.

This document is provided for the convenience of investors only, before the external review on our Q1 2022 financial results is completed. The review outcomes may cause some parts of this document to change.

This document contains "forward-looking statements" - that is, statements related to future, not past, events. In this context, "forward-looking statements" often address our expected future business and financial performance, and often contain words such as "expects", "anticipates", "intends", "plans", "believes", "seeks" or "will ". "Forward-looking statements" by their nature address matters that are, to different degrees, uncertain. For us, particular uncertainties which could adversely or positively affect our future results include:

- · The behavior of financial markets including fluctuations in exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices
- · Strategic actions including dispositions and acquisitions
- · Unanticipated dramatic developments in our major businesses including DX (Digital eXperience), DS (Device Solutions)
- · Numerous other matters at the national and international levels which could affect our future results

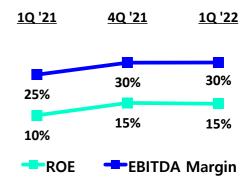
These uncertainties may cause our actual results to be materially different from those expressed in this document.

# **Income Statement**

| (Unit: KRW Trillion)                        | Q1 ′22       | % of sales    | Q4 ′21       | % of sales    | Q1 ′21       |
|---|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| Sales                                       | <u>77.78</u> | <u>100.0%</u> | <u>76.57</u> | <u>100.0%</u> | <u>65.39</u> |
| Cost of Sales                               | 47.07        | 60.5%         | 44.95        | 58.7%         | 41.50        |
| <b>Gross Profit</b>                         | <u>30.71</u> | <u>39.5%</u>  | <u>31.62</u> | <u>41.3%</u>  | <u>23.89</u> |
| SG&A expenses                               | 16.59        | 21.3%         | 17.75        | 23.2%         | 14.51        |
| - R&D expenses                              | 5.92         | 7.6%          | 6.47         | 8.4%          | 5.44         |
| Operating Profit                            | <u>14.12</u> | <u>18.2%</u>  | <u>13.87</u> | <u>18.1%</u>  | <u>9.38</u>  |
| Other non-operating income/expense          | 0.25         | -             | 0.21         | -             | △0.02        |
| Equity method gain/loss                     | 0.23         | -             | 0.13         | -             | 0.15         |
| Finance income/expense                      | 0.47         | -             | 0.16         | -             | 0.24         |
| <b>Profit Before Income Tax</b>             | <u>15.07</u> | <u>19.4%</u>  | <u>14.36</u> | <u>18.8%</u>  | <u>9.75</u>  |
| Income tax                                  | 3.75         | -             | 3.52         | -             | 2.61         |
| Net profit                                  | <u>11.32</u> | <u>14.6%</u>  | <u>10.84</u> | <u>14.2%</u>  | <u>7.14</u>  |
| Profit attributable to owners of the parent | 11.13        | 14.3%         | 10.64        | 13.9%         | 7.09         |
| Basic Earnings Per Share(KRW)               | <u>1,638</u> |               | <u>1,566</u> |               | <u>1,044</u> |

### **Key Profitability Indicators**

|                                  | Q1 ′22 | Q4 ′21 | Q1 ′21 |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| ROE                              | 15%    | 15%    | 10%    |
| Profitability (Net profit/Sales) | 0.15   | 0.14   | 0.11   |
| Asset turnover (Sales/Asset)     | 0.72   | 0.76   | 0.68   |
| Leverage (Asset/Equity)          | 1.40   | 1.39   | 1.40   |
| EBITDA Margin                    | 30%    | 30%    | 25%    |



# **Segment Sales & Operating Profit**

### **Sales**

| (Unit: KRW Trillion | )             | Q1 ′22 | Q4 '21 | Q1 ′21 | QoQ           | YoY           |
|---------------------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|---------------|---------------|
|                     | Total         | 77.78  | 76.57  | 65.39  | 2% ↑          | <b>19</b> % ↑ |
| DX                  |               | 48.07  | 44.57  | 42.48  | <b>8</b> % ↑  | 13% ↑         |
|                     | VD / DA       | 15.47  | 15.35  | 12.99  | 1% ↑          | <b>19</b> % ↑ |
|                     | - VD          | 8.72   | 9.29   | 7.22   | 6%↓           | 21%↑          |
|                     | MX / Networks | 32.37  | 28.95  | 29.21  | <b>12</b> % ↑ | 11% ↑         |
|                     | - MX          | 31.23  | 27.70  | 28.20  | 13% ↑         | 11% ↑         |
| DS                  |               | 26.87  | 26.28  | 19.32  | 2% ↑          | 39% ↑         |
|                     | - Memory      | 20.09  | 19.45  | 14.43  | 3%↑           | 39%↑          |
| SDC                 |               | 7.97   | 9.06   | 6.92   | 12%↓          | 15% ↑         |
| Harman              |               | 2.67   | 2.85   | 2.37   | 7%↓           | 13% ↑         |

### **Operating Profit**

| (Unit: KRW Trillion | n)            | Q1 ′22 | Q4 '21 | Q1 ′21 | QoQ   | YoY   |
|---------------------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|
|                     | Total         | 14.12  | 13.87  | 9.38   | 0.25  | 4.74  |
| DX                  |               | 4.56   | 3.38   | 5.51   | 1.17  | △0.95 |
|                     | VD / DA       | 0.80   | 0.70   | 1.12   | 0.10  | △0.31 |
|                     | MX / Networks | 3.82   | 2.66   | 4.39   | 1.15  | △0.57 |
| DS                  |               | 8.45   | 8.83   | 3.36   | △0.38 | 5.09  |
| SDC                 |               | 1.09   | 1.32   | 0.36   | △0.23 | 0.73  |
| Harman              |               | 0.10   | 0.22   | 0.11   | △0.12 | △0.01 |

X Sales and operating profit of each business stated above reflect the organizational structure as of 2021, and the sales of business units include intersegment sales.

X The DX Division provides earnings call materials based on the business structure before the reorganization to prevent confusion and to improve understanding among investor

X DX: Device eXperience, MX: Mobile eXperience, DS: Device Solutions

X Harman's sales and operating profit figures are based on Samsung Electronics' fiscal year, and acquisition related expenses are reflected.

# Q1 Results and Outlook by Business Unit

#### SDC [O1 '22 Results] [Q1 '22 Results] ☐ Memory Exceeded bit growth guidance thanks to solid demand mainly from server and PC, and price declines were milder-than-expected, leading our performance to top market forecasts ☐ Mobile Recorded slight 0-0 decrease in results amid weak seasonality, but However, results declined 0-0 due to a one-off special incentive and seasonality Achieved record-high quarterly sales for server by actively responding to strong demand mainly from datacenters delivered a historically high 10 performance driven by strong sales at - DRAM major smartphone customers and expansion into new application areas - NAND Maintained stance of refraining from excessive sales expansion; addressed demand centered on SSD in a timely manner □ Large Despite increased sales of QD display, losses persisted due to a Improved earnings Q-Q backed by positive currency effects and increases in ASP, despite decreased supply of SoCs and image sensors due to weak seasonality for the mobile industry □ S.LSI continued decline in LCD ASP and initial costs related to QD ☐ Foundry Despite concerns like supply issues, demand was solid in all applications, supply of advanced processes grew, and we aligned with our yield target trajectory [Q2 '22 Outlook] [Q2 '22 Outlook] ☐ Mobile Despite risk factors to dampen consumer sentiment, including prolonged geopolitical conflicts and lockdowns in some areas, results to remain solid ☐ Memory Demand to stay solid, centered on server, amid persistent uncertainties Expand sales of high-value-added products while actively addressing demand - DRAM thanks to continued demand of OELD smartphones for applications with high growth potential Amid issues related to shortages of active/passive component devices, focus on timely responses by actively addressing demand for enterprise SSD - NAND Revenue to increase and losses to narrow on the back of a release of TVs ☐ Large ☐ S.LSI Focus on maximizing supply of key components such as SoCs and image sensors that feature QD display amid ramp ups in production of QD display ☐ Foundry Enhance technology leadership via world's first mass production of GAA 3-nano Ramp down LCD production as planned process; expand supply and secure more new orders from global customers, including those in USA/Europe [2H '22 Outlook] [2H '22 Outlook] ☐ Memory Amid lingering uncertainties, high density mobile demand to recover on the back of solid server demand following increased penetration of a new CPU and DDR5 and strengthened lineups of flagship products Major smartphone customers to release new products; expand customer ☐ Mobile base of foldables Preemptively address demand by expanding cutting-edge interfaces such as DDR5 and LPDDR5x. Sales to increase on accelerated adoption of OLED in new application Under a stance of flexible supply linked to market conditions, further stabilize cost competitiveness and strengthen market leadership by operating a portfolio centered on high-value-added solutions and through industry-leading technology areas such as IT, gaming, and automotives □ S.LSI Concentrate on expanding SoC business by bolstering volume-zone lineup □ Large Secure leadership position in the premium segment in the large panel Exceed market growth by sustaining leadership in GAA process technology, market by diversifying product lines and customers of QD display ☐ Foundry adopt pricing strategies to ensure future investments, and raise the yield and portion of our advanced processes

## Q1 Results and Outlook by Business Unit

# MX / NW

#### [Q1 '22 Results]

☐ MX Market demand contracted Q-Q/Y-Y due to weak seasonality and political instability in the international landscape

Delivered sequential revenue growth and profitability improvements thanks to strong sales of the Galaxy S22 series centered on S22 Ultra; increased sales of new mass-market 5G models that further strengthened premium experiences; generated strong sales of premium tablets with the launch of Tab S8; and delivered solid sales of Device Ecosystem products, such as wearables

☐ NW Expanded business overseas while meeting domestic 5G expansion needs

#### [Q2 '22 Outlook]

 MX Market to decrease slightly due to continued weak seasonality and effects of COVID-19/international geopolitical uncertainties

Continuation of solid sales of S22 series, increased sales of new A series models, and improved visibility of key component supply to lead Y-Y revenue growth across all product lines

Minimize impacts of macro uncertainties by rebalancing supply utilizing our global SCM capabilities; secure solid double-digit profitability

☐ NW Stably supply telecommunications companies while striving to win new business opportunities

#### [2H '22 Outlook]

MX Risks related to prolonging COVID-19 and component supply issues to persist, but the smartphone market to continue growing and the wearable market to post high growth

Expand premium user base in flagship market by continually offering innovative performances that increase customer satisfaction and loyalty; maximize sales of new foldable products in particular via undisrupted supply; and optimize user experiences through collaboration with partners to sustain high growth following the mainstreaming of foldables

Increase sales of Device Ecosystem products by leveraging enhanced customer value; enhance multi-device experiences/synergies through company-wide cooperation, including the VD/DA businesses; and maintain solid profitability by improving mix/operational efficiency

IW Maintain growth momentum by meeting domestic needs for 5G installations in a timely manner and by actively expanding our business in overseas markets; continue to reinforce leadership position in vRAN (virtualized Radio Access Network) technology

# VD / DA

#### [Q1 '22 Results]

- ☐ VD Market contracted Q-Q due to seasonality and dwindled Y-Y due to the base effect of last year's pent-up demand, with effects of the Russia situation also having an impact
  - Increasing revenue and profit YoY by expanding sales of premium products, such as Neo QLED/Super Big TVs
- ☐ DA Amid the ongoing raw material/logistics cost burden, maintained growth momentum of revenue through increased sales of premium products, centering on BESPOKE

#### [Q2 '22 Outlook]

- □ VD Market demand to contract both Q-Q and Y-Y due to a shift in consumption from home entertainment → travel/leisure, mainly in advanced markets, combined with effects of geopolitical issues
  - Pursue revenue growth by driving sales of new models centering on strategic products, such as Neo QLED/The Freestyle
  - Continue to optimize operations by establishing pre-emptive sales/supply plans by continually monitoring market risks such as raw material/logistics issues
- ☐ DA Promote revenue growth and profitability improvement by enhancing product mix via global expansion of BESPOKE and expanded sales of air conditioners amid strong seasonality

#### [2H '22 Outlook]

- □ VD Market uncertainties to continue due to impacts of strong seasonality and prolonged macro risks
  - Expand sales of our differentiated strategic products, such as Neo QLED 8K/Lifestyle products, and reinforce our leadership in the premium segment through innovative products such as Micro LED/Odyssey Ark
- □ DA Amid lingering Issues related to high material costs and global logistics, actively address risks by increasing sales of premium products and enhancing production capabilities of our global manufacturing base

### [Appendix 1] Financial Position

(Unit: KRW Billion)

|   | Mar 31,<br>2022 | Dec 31,<br>2021 | Mar 31,<br>2021 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Assets                                      | 439,327.0       | 426,621.2       | 392,826.3       |
| - Cash *                                    | 125,889.6       | 124,206.7       | 131,865.0       |
| - A/R                                       | 44,465.0        | 40,713.4        | 33,962.1        |
| - Inventories                               | 47,590.7        | 41,384.4        | 30,620.0        |
| - Investments                               | 28,090.4        | 29,284.6        | 25,175.7        |
| - PP&E                                      | 149,618.0       | 149,928.5       | 132,747.7       |
| - Intangible Assets                         | 20,010.7        | 20,236.2        | 18,386.7        |
| - Other Assets                              | 23,662.6        | 20,867.4        | 20,069.1        |
| Total Assets                                | 439,327.0       | 426,621.2       | 392,826.3       |
| Liabilities                                 | 124,036.0       | 121,721.2       | 118,557.7       |
| - Debts                                     | 18,050.4        | 18,392.1        | 19,972.8        |
| - Trade Accounts and N/P                    | 15,133.9        | 13,453.4        | 11,133.6        |
| - Other Accounts and N/P & Accrued Expenses | 43,401.9        | 43,512.9        | 49,025.4        |
| - Current income tax liabilities            | 7,193.8         | 6,749.1         | 4,457.6         |
| - Unearned Revenue<br>& Other Advances      | 2,393.1         | 2,518.9         | 2,791.0         |
| - Other Liabilities                         | 37,862.9        | 37,094.8        | 31,177.3        |
| Shareholders' Equity                        | 315,290.9       | 304,899.9       | 274,268.6       |
| - Capital Stock                             | 897.5           | 897.5           | 897.5           |
| Total Liabilities & Shareholder's Equity    | 439,327.0       | 426,621.2       | 392,826.3       |

<sup>\*\*</sup> Cash = Cash and Cash equivalents, Short-term financial instruments, Short-term financial assets at amortized cost, Long-term time deposits, etc.

|                  | Mar 31,<br>2022 | Dec 31,<br>2021 | Mar 31,<br>2021 |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Current ratio *  | 257%            | 248%            | 232%            |
| Liability/Equity | 39%             | 40%             | 43%             |
| Debt/Equity      | 6%              | 6%              | 7%              |
| Net debt/Equity  | △34%            | △35%            | △41%            |

### [Appendix 2] Cash Flow

(Unit: KRW Trillion)

|                                      | Q1 ′22 | Q4 ′21 | Q1 ′21 |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Cash (Beginning of period) *         | 124.21 | 120.47 | 124.73 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | 10.45  | 20.63  | 13.80  |
| Net profit                           | 11.32  | 10.84  | 7.14   |
| Depreciation                         | 9.01   | 8.86   | 7.15   |
| Cash flows from investing activities | △9.65  | △12.95 | △8.05  |
| Purchases of PP&E                    | △8.71  | △12.37 | △10.00 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | △0.50  | △3.80  | △0.59  |
| Increase in debts                    | △0.49  | △1.33  | △0.59  |
| Acquisition of treasury stock        | -      | -      | -      |
| Payment of dividends                 | △0.00  | △2.46  | △0.00  |
| Increase in cash                     | 1.68   | 3.74   | 7.14   |
| Cash (End of period) *               | 125.89 | 124.21 | 131.87 |

<sup>\*\*</sup> Cash = Cash and Cash equivalents, Short-term financial instruments, Short-term financial assets at amortized cost, Long-term time deposits, etc.

### ☐ Current State of Net Cash (Net Cash = Cash\* - Debts)

(Unit: KRW Trillion)

|          | Mar 31, | Dec 31, | Mar 31, |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|
|          | 2022    | 2021    | 2021    |
| Net Cash | 107.84  | 105.81  | 111.89  |

<sup>\*</sup> Cash = Cash and Cash equivalents, Short-term financial instruments, Short-term financial assets at amortized cost, Long-term time deposits, etc.