# SK Hynix FY2012 Q1 Earnings Results 

April 26th, 2012
SK hynix

## Disclaimer

This material contains forward-looking statements which can be subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially.

All financial information contained in this document is based on consolidated K-IFRS.

Review of the Q1 FY2012 financial results has not been finalized. Figures in this earnings release are subjected to changes during the independent auditing process.

## Q1 2012 Earnings Results \& Operational Performances



## Results of Operation

| Unit: KRW Billion |  | Q1 '12 | QoQ | Q4 '11 | Q1 '11 | YoY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue |  | 2,388 | -6\% | 2,553 | 2,793 | -14\% |
| Gross Income |  | 206 | -19\% | 254 | 681 | -70\% |
| Operating Income |  | -260 | -55\% | -167 | 323 | $N / A$ |
| EBITDA |  | 579 | -12\% | 660 | 1,161 | -50\% |
| Net Income |  | -271 | -13\% | -240 | 274 | $N / A$ |
| EPS (Won) | Basic | -420 |  | -405 | 463 |  |
|  | Diluted | -420 |  | -405 | 462 |  |
| Shares <br> Outstanding * <br> (Million Shares) | Basic | 645 |  | 592 | 591 |  |
|  | Diluted | 645 |  | 592 | 612 |  |
| Gross Margin |  | 9\% | $-1 \% p$ | 10\% | 24\% | -15\%p |
| Operating Margin |  | -11\% | -4\%p | -7\% | 12\% | $-23 \% p$ |
| EBITDA Margin |  | 24\% | $-2 \% p$ | 26\% | 42\% | -18\%p |
| Net Margin |  | -11\% | $-2 \% p$ | -9\% | 10\% | $-21 \% p$ |

* Number of shares outstanding includes new shares issued to SKT during Q1, calculated on a weighted average basis


## Sales Analysis

- Total revenue decreased sequentially as NAND \& MCP revenue decreased while DRAM revenue remained flat
- DRAM : Bit growth increased 9\%, ASP decreased 10\% QoQ
- NAND Flash: Bit growth increased 2\%, ASP decreased 16\% QoQ


SK hynix ※ MCP sales portion decreased from $14 \%$ in Q4'11 to $12 \%$ in Q1'12


## Profit Analysis

- Due to sales reduction and increase in one-time expenses, operating loss expanded sequentially.
- Excluding one-offs, operating loss was similar to that of previous quarter, on the back of improved DRAM profitability.
(+) factor: Unit cost reduction from yield improvement and increased portion of 3xnm DRAM and 2xnm NAND flash technology,
PC DRAM price rebound
(-) factor: Pricing weaknesses for Non-PC DRAM and NAND flash, one-time bonus to employees after share acquisition by SKT


## Profit Amount



## Profit Ratios



## Non-Operating Income \& Expense

| Unit: KRW Billion | Q1 '12 | QoQ | Q4 '11 | Q1 '11 | YoY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Operating Income (Expense), Net | (11) | -21 | 10 | (41) | +30 |
| Financial Income (Expense), Net | (60) | +7 | (66) | (66) | +7 |
| F/X Transaction \& Translation Income (Expense), Net | 76 | -13 | 89 | 78 | -3 |
| Income (Expense) From Jointly Controlled Entities and Associates, Net | 7 | +3 | 3 | 3 | +4 |
| Other Non-operating income (Expense), Net | (34) | -19 | (15) | (56) | +22 |
| Income Taxes Expense (Benefits) | 0 | -82 | 83 | 8 | -8 |

## Capital Structure

| Unit: KRW Billion |
| :--- |
| \begin{tabular}{\|l|r|r|r|r|r|}
\hline
\end{tabular} Q1 '12 |
| Asset |

[^0]
## Sales Breakdown by Application

## DRAM



[^1]

## Technology Migration Progress


$\square$
NAND Flash

* Quarter-end, Package out basis

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## Memory Market Outlook

## Memory Biz Outlook in PC market

- Ultrabooks, with improved mobility in response to fast-growing mobile applications, are expected to drive the PC market - With launch of new CPU \& OS that support mobility specs, Ultrabook shipment growth is expected to accelerate.
- Initial ultrabook models are expected to have in excess of 4GB of DRAM which is positive for DRAM demand, but are also expected to rapidly increase SSD adoption, thus will be positive for the NAND demand as well.



## Memory Biz Outlook in Mobile Market

- Shipments of mobile applications such as smartphones and tablet PCs outgrew that of PCs in 2011, and are expected to have solid growth going forward.
- Major mobile OEMs are expanding demand horizon by diversifying their product portfolios from high-end models to include mid-to-low end models. Increased shipment of mobile applications, thus will have positive impact on memory demand.




## [Attachment1] Statement of Financial Position

K-IFRS (KRW Billion)

|  | Q1'12 | Q4'11 | Q1'11 | QoQ | YoY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current Assets | 6,635 | 4,937 | 5,276 | 1,698 | 1,359 |
| Cash \& Cash Equivalents* | 3,399 | 1,876 | 2,092 | 1,523 | 1,306 |
| Accounts Receivables | 1,572 | 1,541 | 1,650 | 31 | -78 |
| Inventories | 1,254 | 1,184 | 1,227 | 71 | 27 |
| Non-Current Assets | 12,630 | 12,301 | 12,046 | 328 | 584 |
| Investments | 703 | 694 | 793 | 9 | -90 |
| Property, plant \& equipment | 11,224 | 10,899 | 10,624 | 325 | 601 |
| Intangible Assets | 702 | 708 | 629 | -5 | 73 |
| Total Assets | 19,264 | 17,238 | 17,321 | 2,026 | 1,943 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing Debts | 6,395 | 6,776 | 6,244 | -382 | 151 |
| S-T Borrowings | 983 | 1,416 | 948 | -434 | 34 |
| Current Portion of LT Borrowings | 1,366 | 1,414 | 1,815 | -48 | -449 |
| Debenture | 2,459 | 2,463 | 1,877 | -4 | 582 |
| L-T Borrowings | 1,587 | 1,483 | 1,604 | 104 | -17 |
| Accounts Payables | 711 | 678 | 681 | 32 | 30 |
| Total Liabilities | 9,366 | 9,363 | 9,290 | 3 | 76 |
| Shareholders' Equity |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common Stock | 3,488 | 2,978 | 2,971 | 509 | 517 |
| Total Shareholders' Equity | 9,898 | 7,875 | 8,031 | 2,023 | 1,867 |

[^2]
## [Attachment 2] Income Statement

K-IFRS (KRW Billion)

|  |
| :--- |
| Sales |
| Cost of Goods Sold |
| Gross Profit |
| SG\&A Expenses |
| Other Operating Profit/Loss |
| Operating Profit |
| Financial Income(Expenses), Net |
| F/X Transaction \& Translation Income <br> (Expense), Net |
| Income (Expense) From Jointly <br> Controlled Entities and Associates, Net |
| Other Non-operating Income (Expense), <br> Net |
| Income Before Income Taxes |
| Income Taxes (Benefit) |
| Net Income |


| Q1'12 | Q4'11 | Q1'11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2,388 | 2,553 | 2,793 |
| 2,182 | 2,299 | 2,112 |
| 206 | 254 | 681 |
| 474 | 446 | 348 |
| 7 | 25 | -10 |
| -260 | -167 | 323 |
| -60 | -66 | -66 |
| 76 | 89 | 78 |
| 7 | 3 | 3 |
| -34 | -15 | -56 |
| -271 | -157 | 281 |
| 0 | 83 | 8 |
| -271 | -240 | 274 |


| QoQ | YoY |
| ---: | ---: |
| -165 | -405 |
| -117 | 70 |
| -48 | -475 |
| 27 | 125 |
| -17 | 17 |
| -92 | -583 |
| 7 | 7 |
| -13 | -3 |
| 3 | 4 |
| -19 | 22 |
| -114 | -552 |
| -82 | -8 |
| -31 | -545 |


[^0]:    * Cash = Cash \& Cash Equivalents + Short-term Financial Instruments
    ** Debt $=$ Short-term Borrowings + Current portion of Long-term Borrowings + Convertible Bond + Debenture + Long-term Borrowings

[^1]:    * Revenue portion

[^2]:    * Short-term Financial Instruments included

