

SK Hynix FY2012 Q3 Earnings Results



Oct 24, 2012

Disclaimer

This material contains forward-looking statements which can be subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially.

All financial information contained in this document is based on consolidated K-IFRS.

Review of the Q3 FY2012 financial results has not been finalized. Figures in this earnings release are subjected to changes during the independent auditing process.





Q3 2012 Earnings Results & Operational Performances

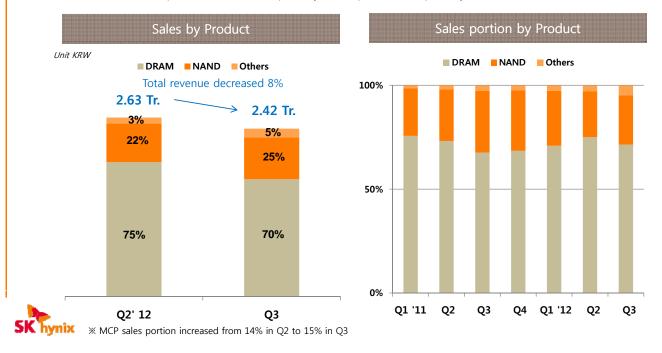
Results of Operation

(Unit: KRW Billion)		Q3′12	QoQ	Q2 ′12	Q3 '11	YoY
Revenue		2,423	-8%	2,632	2,291	+6%
Gross Income		402	-15%	473	108	+271%
Operating Income		-15	turned to loss	23	-277	+95%
EBITDA	EBITDA		-2%	793	614	+26%
Net Income		2	turned to profit	-53	-563	turned to profit
FDC((More)	Basic	3		-77	-948	
EPS(Won)	Diluted	-12		-102	-948	
Shares	Basic	694		694	592	
Outstanding (Million Shares)	Diluted	712		711	592	
Gross Margin		17%	-1%p	18%	5%	+12%p
Operating Margi	Operating Margin		-2%p	1%	-12%	+11%p
EBITDA Margin		32%	+2%p	30%	27%	+5%p
Net Margin	Net Margin		+2%p	-2%	-25%	+25%p



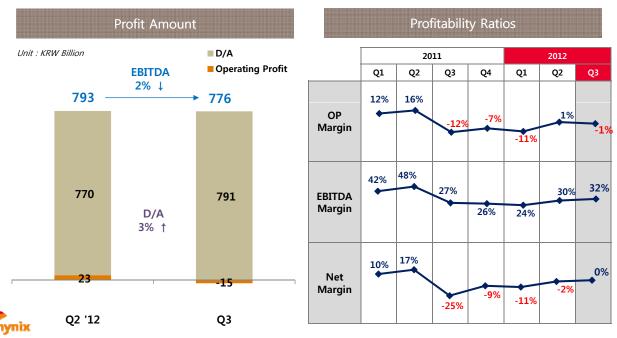
Sales Analysis

- Despite increased NAND sales, DRAM sales declined on weak demand, resulting in sequential decline in total sales.
- By reducing PC DRAM portion and increasing portion of premium products such as Mobile DRAM, eMMC & MCP, we minimized market effects.
- DRAM sales: Bit shipment decreased 5% sequentially, ASP declined 8% sequentially
- NAND Flash sales: Bit shipment increased 5% sequentially, ASP improved 4% sequentially



Operating Profit Analysis

- Despite increased sales of premium products & unit cost reduction from tech migration, DRAM prices declined continuously leading to operating loss for the quarter.
- (+) factor: Increased sales of Mobile DRAM, eMMC & MCP, 3Xnm portion increase to over 50% for Mobile & Graphics DRAM, 2Ynm NAND tech migration progress on track & NAND price recovery
- (-) factor: continued PC DRAM price decline, increased D&A, Strong KRW against USD



Non-Operating Gain & Loss

(Unit: KRW Billion)	Q3 ′12	QoQ	Q2 ′12	Q3 ′11	YoY
Net Non-Operating Gain (loss)	20	+87	(67)	(275)	+295
Net Financial Gain (loss)	(60)	-5	(55)	(55)	-5
Net F/X Transaction & Translation Gain (loss)	81	+108	(27)	(250)	+330
Net Gain (loss) on equity method investments	4	+4	0	1	+3
Net Other Non-Operating Gain (loss)	(5)	-19	14	28	-33
Income Tax Expense (Income)	3	-6	9	11	-8



Capital Structure

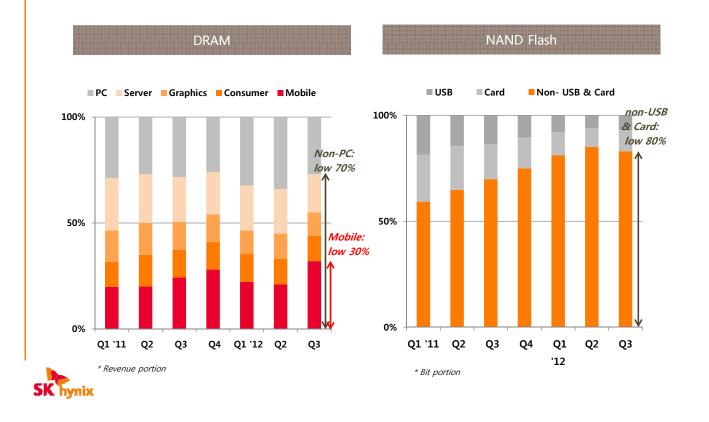
(Unit: KRW Billion)	Q3 ′12	QoQ	Q2 ′12	Q4 '11	vs. Q4′11
Asset	19,222	-613	19,835	17,238	+1,984
Cash*	1,790	-1,199	2,990	1,876	-86
Liability	9,436	<i>-540</i>	9,976	9,363	+73
Debt**	6,720	+92	6,628	6,776	-57
Shareholders' Equity	9,786	<i>-73</i>	9,860	7,875	+1,911
Capital Stock	3,488	0	3,488	2,978	+510
Retained Earnings	3,233	+2	3,231	3,555	-323
Debt-to-Equity Ratio	69%	+2%p	67%	86%	-17%p
Net Debt-to-Equity Ratio	50%	+13%p	37%	62%	-12%p

^{*} Cash = Cash & Cash Equivalents + Short-term Financial Instruments

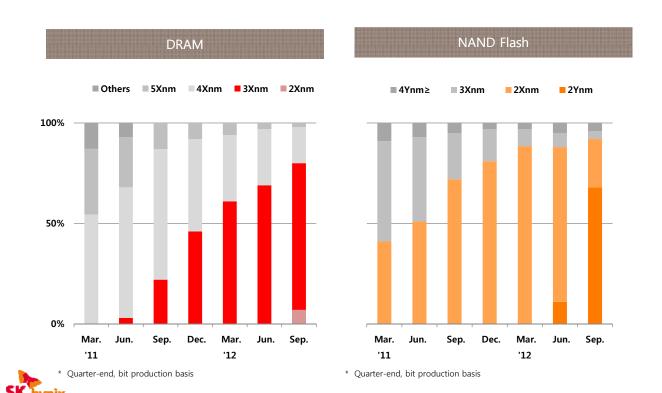
^{**} Debt = Short-term Borrowings + Current Portion of Long-term Borrowings + Debentures + Convertible Bond + Long-term Borrowings



Sales Breakdown by Application



Technology Migration Progress

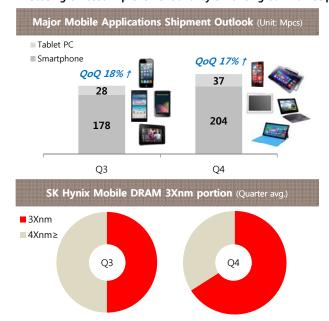




Q4 2012 Memory Market Outlook

Q4 Memory Market Outlook

- PC market expected to recover sequentially due to new product launches, but remains challenging.
- Strong demand for Mobile DRAM & NAND expected to continue on the back of increased sales of new smartphone & tablet PC models.
- Demand for smartphones, particularly for low-end models is expected to drive sound growth for mobile products in emerging markets.
- We will deal with changing market dynamics by expanding Mobile DRAM & Embedded NAND solutions portion, by focusing on cost improvement and by enhancing our market position in the emerging markets focused on China.





(Source: SK Hynix Marketing)

[Attachment1] Statement of Financial Position

K-IFRS (KRW Billion)

	IFR3 (KKW Billioti)	Q3'12	Q2'12	Q4'11	QoQ	vs. Q4'11
As	sets					
Cι	rrent Assets	5,383	6,434	4,937	-1,051	446
	Cash & Cash Equivalents*	1,790	2,990	1,876	-1,199	-86
	Accounts Receivables	1,655	1,692	1,541	-37	114
	Inventories	1,558	1,349	1,184	209	374
No	n-Current Assets	13,839	13,401	12,301	438	1,538
	Investments	728	680	694	48	34
	Property, plant & equipment	12,112	12,009	10,899	103	1,213
	Intangible Assets	999	712	708	287	292
	Total Assets	19,222	19,835	17,238	-613	1,984
Lia	abilities					
	Interest-bearing Debts	6,720	6,628	6,776	92	-57
	S-T Borrowings	731	1,129	1,416	-398	-685
	Current Portion of LT Borrowings	1,926	1,387	1,414	539	512
	Debenture	1,455	2,040	2,463	-585	-1,008
	L-T Borrowings	2,607	2,073	1,483	535	1,125
	Accounts Payables	778	797	678	-20	99
	Total Liabilities	9,436	9,976	9,363	-540	73
<u>Sh</u>	areholders' Equity					
	Common Stock	3,488	3,488	2,978	0	510
Total Shareholders' Equity		9,786	9,860	7,875	-73	1,911

^{*} Short-term Financial Instruments included

[Attachment 2] Income Statement

K-IFRS (KRW Billion)

	Q3'12	Q2'12	Q3'11
Sales	2,423	2,632	2,291
Cost of Goods Sold	2,021	2,159	2,183
Gross Profit	402	473	108
SG&A Expenses	433	472	400
Other Operating Profit/Loss	16	22	15
Operating Profit	-15	23	-277
Financial Income(Expenses), Net	-60	-55	-55
F/X Transaction & Translation Income (Expense), Net	81	-27	-250
Income (Expense) From Jointly Controlled Entities and Associates, Net	4	0	1
Other Non-operating Income (Expense), Net	-5	14	28
Income Before Income Taxes	5	-44	-552
Income Taxes (Benefit)	3	9	11
Net Income	2	-54	-563

QoQ	YoY
-208	132
-137	-161
-71	294
-39	33
-6	1
-38	262
-5	-5
108	330
4	3
-19	-33
49	557
-6	-8
56	565